

الجامعة التكنولوجية

قسم هندسة البناء والإنشاءات

المرحلة الأولى



العدد : —

التاريخ : ٢٠١٥ / ٦ / ٠٧

الى / السيد معاون رئيس القسم

م/ الاجابة النموذجية لمادة (الميكانيك الهندسي 2)

تحية طيبة

نرفق لكم طياً نسخة من الأسئلة الخاصة بمادة الميكانيك الهندسي 2 و للإمتحان النهائي للفصل الدراسي الثاني - الدور الأول و للعام الدراسي 2014 - 2015 و الذي تم اجراءه بتاريخ 2015/06/06 مع الاجابة النموذجية الخاصة بها.

مع التقدير

أ.م.د. قيس جواد فريح

مسؤول المرحلة الأولى

2015 / 6 / ٠٧

نسخة منه الى/

• ملف اللجنة الامتحانية



University of Technology
Building and Construction Engineering Department
Final Exam. - First Attempt - 2014-2015



Subject: Engineering Mechanics II
Class: 1st

Date: 6 / 6 / 2015
Time: 3 hrs.

Note: Answer **FOUR** questions only.

Note: The gravity acceleration is 9.8 m/sec^2 .

Q1/ The **5kN** body **A** shown in Fig. (1) slides on inclined plane. Determine the weight of body **B** if its velocity changes from **1m/sec** downward to **7m/sec** downward while it moves **8m**.

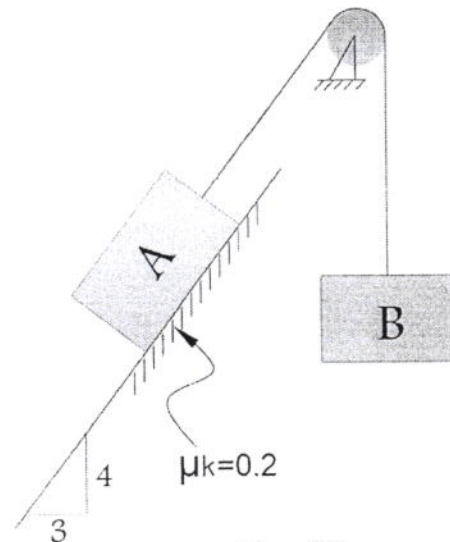


Fig. (1)

Q2/ Starting with a velocity of **6m/sec** to the right, a particle moves along a straight line with an acceleration of 1m/sec^2 to the left for **8 seconds**. The acceleration then becomes **zero** for **2 seconds**, after which the velocity changes uniformly until it become **6m/sec** to the right. The total displacement is **20m** to the right. From **velocity-time diagram**, determine:

- 1- The total time interval that the particle travels.
- 2- The velocity after **7 seconds** from starting point.

Q3/ A particle is suspended by a cord **2m** long and swings in a vertical plane. When it is in the position shown in Fig.(2), its speed is **6m/sec** and the tension in the cord is **20N**. Determine:

- 1- The weight of the particle.
- 2- The angular acceleration of the cord.

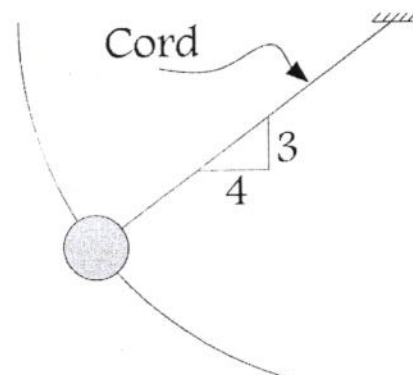


Fig. (2)

Q4/ Determine the coordinates of the centroid of the shaded area shown in Fig.(3).

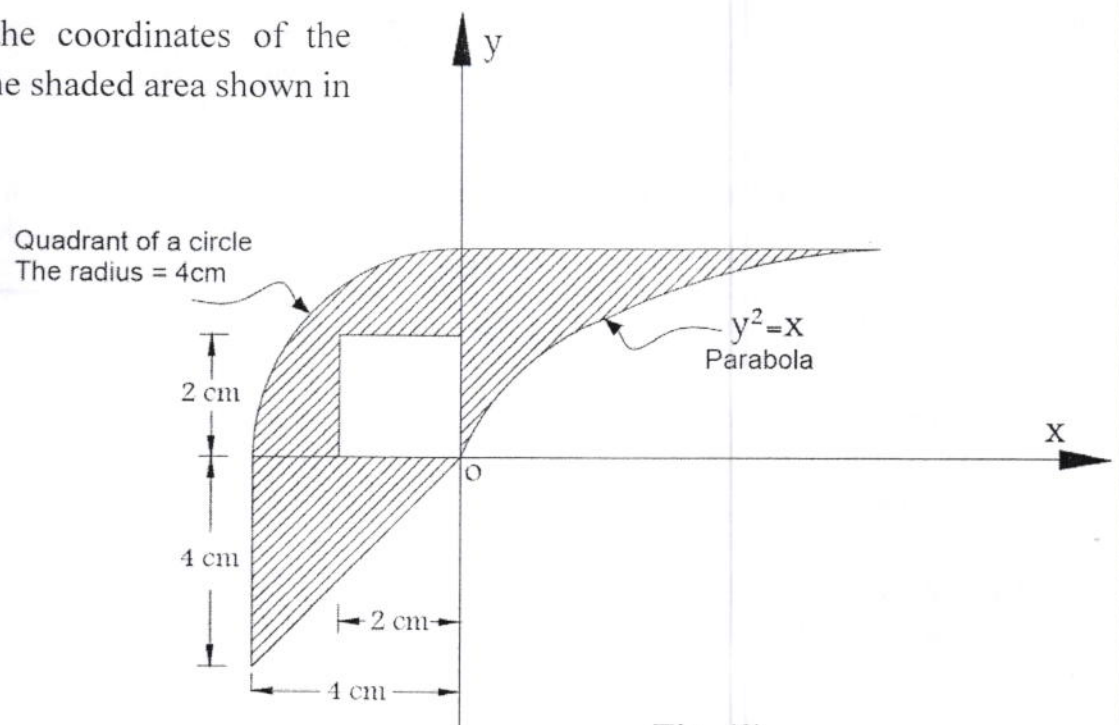


Fig. (3)

Q5/ For the shaded area shown in Fig.(4), determine:

- 1- The moment of inertia with respect to y- axis.
- 2- The product of inertia with respect to axes through origin.

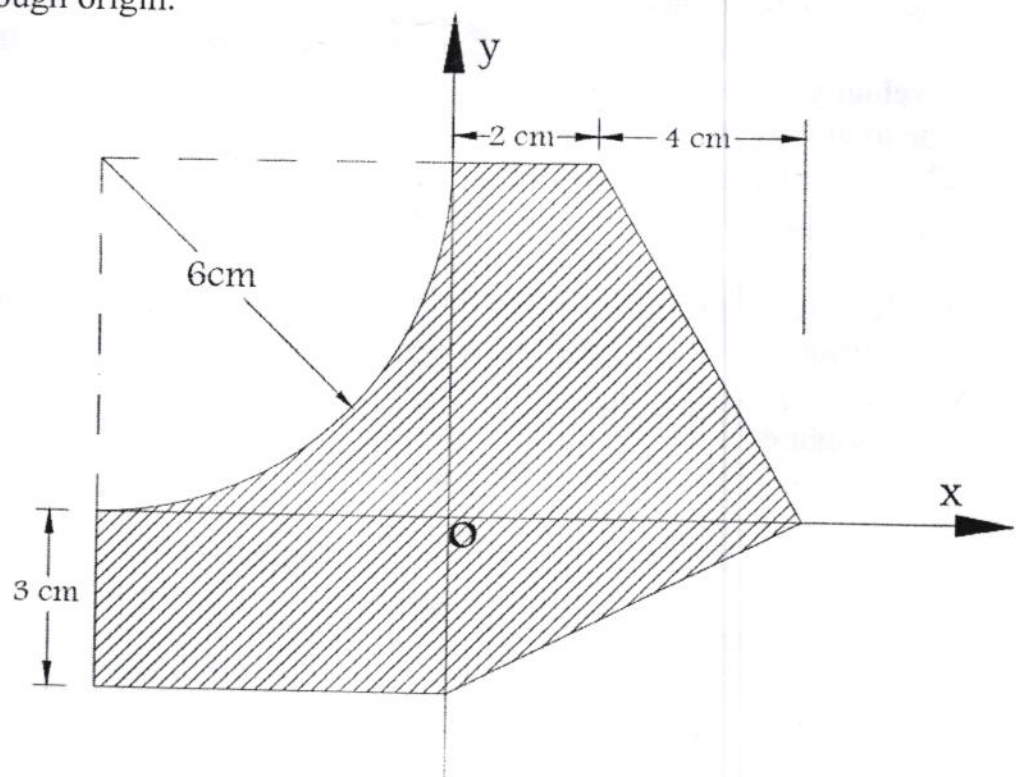


Fig. (4)

II المسائل الهندسية المرحلة الأولى

Q.1

From F.B.D. 1

$$F = \mu N = 0.2 N$$

$$\sum F_x = m a_x$$

$$-0.2N - 5 \times \frac{4}{5} + T = \frac{5}{9.8} a_x \quad (1)$$

$$\sum F_y = m a_y$$

$$N - 5 \times \frac{3}{5} = 0$$

$$N = 3 \text{ kN}$$

Sub. in Eq. (1)

$$-0.2(3) - 4 + T = \frac{5}{9.8} a_x$$

$$T - 4.6 = 0.51 a_x \quad (2)$$

$$a_x = a_y = a$$

From F.B.D. 2

$$\sum F_y = m a_y$$

$$W - T = \frac{W}{9.8} a \quad (3)$$

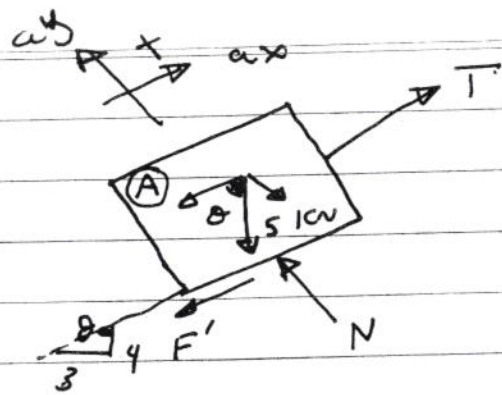
$$a = 3 \text{ m/sec}^2 \rightarrow \text{Sub. in Eq. (2)}$$

$$T - 4.6 = 0.51(3)$$

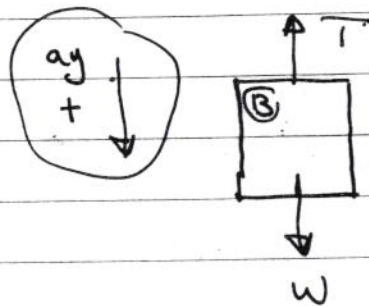
$$T = 6.13 \text{ kN}$$

$$W - 6.13 = \frac{W}{9.8} (3)$$

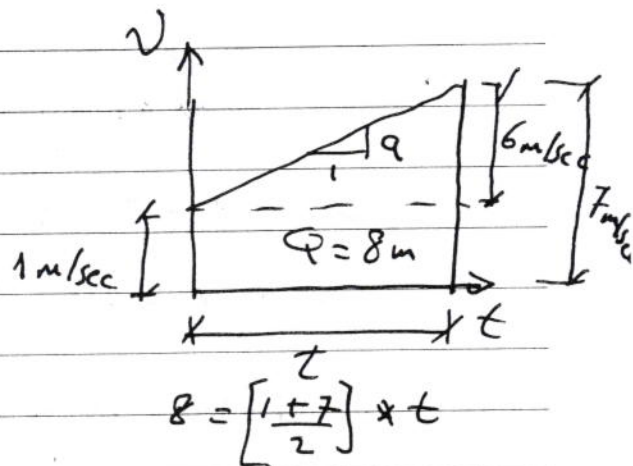
$$W = 8.9 \text{ kN}$$



F.B.D. 1



F.B.D. 2



$$\therefore t = 2 \text{ sec}$$

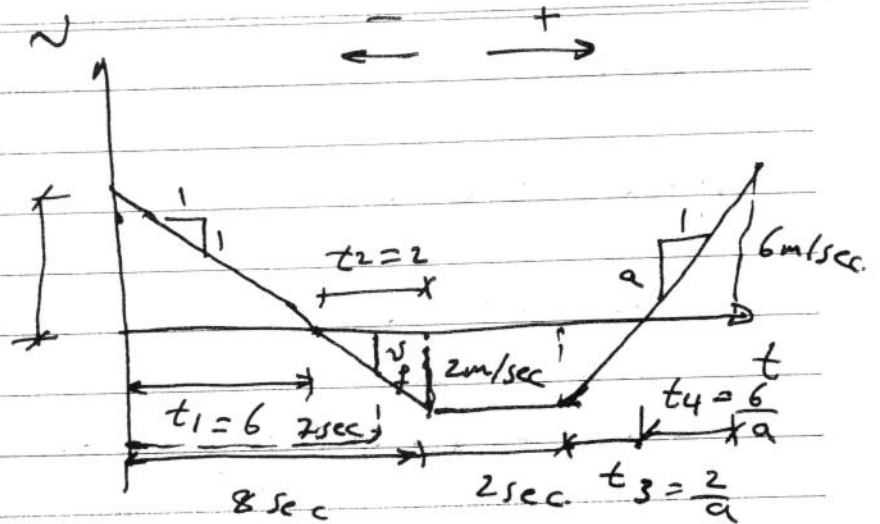
$$\frac{a}{1} = \frac{6}{2}$$

$$a = 3 \text{ m/sec}^2$$

Q.2

$$q = 20 \text{ m} \rightarrow$$

6 m/sec



$$a = \frac{v_f - v_i}{\Delta t}, \quad -1 = \frac{v_f - 6}{8}$$

$$v_f = 2 \text{ m/sec} \leftarrow$$

$$\frac{a}{1} = \frac{2}{t_3}$$

$$t_3 = \frac{2}{a}$$

$$\frac{a}{1} = \frac{6}{t_4}, \quad t_4 = \frac{6}{a}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{6}{t_1}, \quad t_1 = 6 \text{ sec}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{2}{t_2}, \quad t_2 = 2 \text{ sec}$$

$$20 = \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 6 - \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 2 - 2 \times 2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \left(\frac{2}{a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times \frac{6}{a}$$

$$20 = 18 - 2 - 4 - \frac{2}{a} + \frac{18}{a}$$

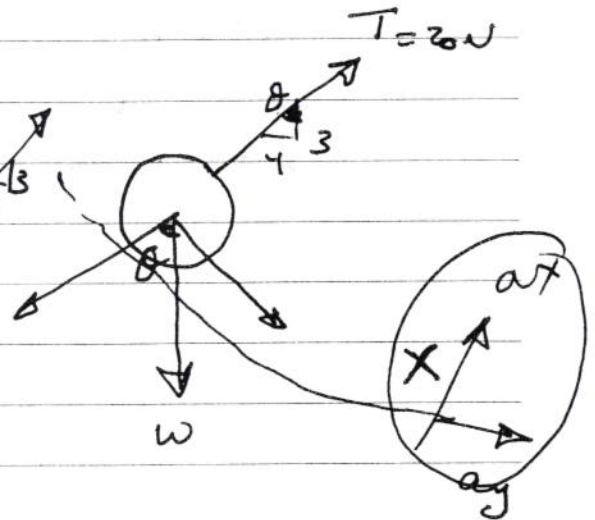
$$a = 2 \text{ m/sec}^2 \rightarrow$$

$$1) \text{ Total time} = 8 + 2 + 1 + 3 = 14 \text{ sec}$$

$$2) -1 = \frac{v_f - 6}{7} \Rightarrow v_f = 1 \text{ m/sec} \leftarrow$$

Q.3

$$a_x = a_n = \frac{v^2}{r} = \frac{(6)^2}{2} = 18 \text{ m/sec}^2$$



$$\sum F_x = m a_x$$

$$20 - \frac{3}{5}W = \frac{W}{9.8} (18)$$

$$20 = 2.43W$$

$$W = 8.23 \text{ N} \downarrow$$

$$\sum F_y = m a_y$$

$$8.23 \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{8.23}{9.8} (a_y)$$

$$a_y = 7.85 \text{ m/sec}^2$$

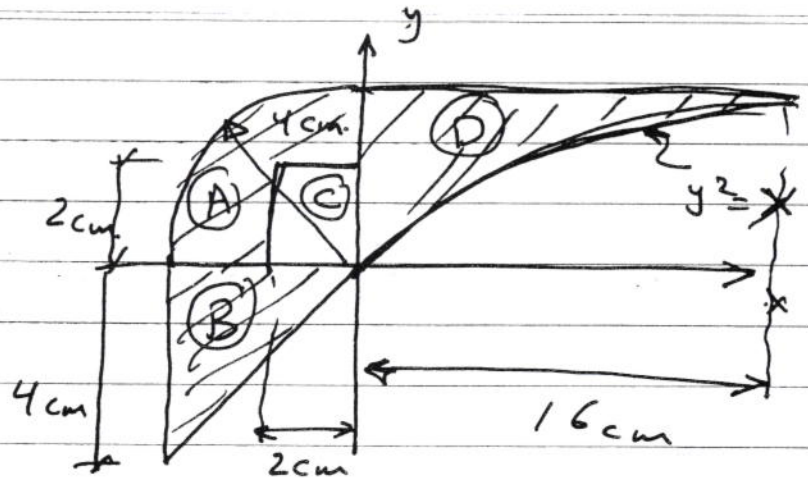
$$a_y = r \alpha$$

$$\therefore \alpha = \frac{7.85}{2} = 3.93 \text{ rad/sec}^2$$

Q.4

$$y^2 = x$$

at $y = 4$
 $x = 16 \text{ cm}$



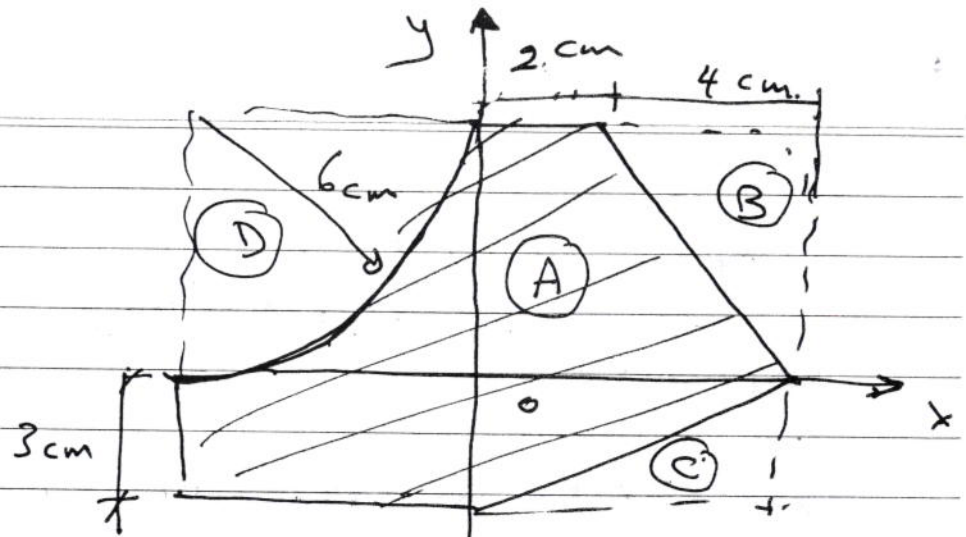
Symbol	Area cm^2	x-coord. cm	M_y cm^3	y coord. cm	M_x cm^3
A	$\frac{4^2 \pi}{4} = 12.57$	$\frac{-4 \times 4}{3\pi} = -1.697$	-21.33	$\frac{4 \times 4}{3\pi} = 1.697$	21.33
B	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 4 = 8$	$-\frac{2}{3} \times 4 = -2.67$	-21.36	$-\frac{1}{3} \times 4 = -1.33$	-10.64
C	-4	-1	4	1	-4
D	$\frac{16 \times 4}{3} = 21.33$	$\frac{3 \times 16}{10} = 4.8$	102.38	$\frac{3 \times 4}{4} = 3$	63.99
Total	37.9		63.69		70.68

$$\bar{x} = \frac{M_{y \text{ total}}}{A_{\text{total}}} = \frac{63.69}{37.9} = 1.68 \text{ cm}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{M_{x \text{ total}}}{A_{\text{total}}} = \frac{70.68}{37.9} = 1.86 \text{ cm}$$

(1.68, 1.86)

Q.5



a-

$$I_{y_A} = I_c + A d^2 = \frac{9 \times 12^3}{12} + (9 \times 12) (0)^2$$

$$I_{y_A} = 1296 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_{y_B} = \frac{6 \times 4^3}{36} + \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 4 \left(\frac{2}{3} \times 4 + 2 \right)^2$$

$$I_{y_B} = 10.67 + 265.08 = 275.75 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_{y_C} = \frac{3 \times 6^3}{36} + \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 6 (4)^2$$

$$I_{y_C} = 18 + 144 = 162 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_{y_D} = 0.0549 (6)^4 + \frac{6^2 \pi}{4} \left(6 - \frac{4 \times 6}{3 \pi} \right)^2$$

$$= 71.15 + 337.12 = 408.27 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_{y_{total}} = I_{y_A} - I_{y_B} - I_{y_C} - I_{y_D}$$

$$I_{y_{total}} = 1296 - 275.75 - 162 - 408.27 = 449.98 \approx 450 \text{ cm}^4$$

b)

$$I_{xy_A} = \bar{I}'_{xy'} + A \bar{x} \bar{y}$$

$$= 0 + 12 \times 9 \times (0) (1.5)$$

$$I_{xy_A} = 0$$

$$I_{xy_B} = \frac{-4^2 \times 6^2}{72} + \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 6 (4.7) (4)$$

$$= -8 + 225.6$$

$$I_{xy_B} = 217.6 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_{xy_C} = \frac{3^2 \times 6^2}{72} + \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 6 (4) (-2)$$

$$= 4.5 - 72$$

$$I_{xy_C} = -67.5 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_{xy_D} = 0.0164 (6)^4 + \frac{6^2 \pi}{4} \left[6 - \frac{4 \times 6}{3\pi} \right] \left[- \left(6 - \frac{4 \times 6}{3\pi} \right) \right]$$

$$= 21.25 + 337.12$$

$$I_{xy_D} = 358.37 \text{ cm}^4$$

OR

$$I_{xy_D} = \bar{I}'_{xy'} + A \bar{x} \bar{y}$$

$$I_{xy_D} = \bar{I}'_{xy'} + A \bar{x} \bar{y}$$

$$-\frac{(6)^4}{8} = \bar{I}'_{xy'} + \frac{6^2 \pi}{4} \left[\frac{4 \times 6}{3\pi} \right] \left[-\frac{4 \times 6}{3\pi} \right]$$

$$\bar{I}'_{xy'} = -162 + 183.28 = 21.28 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$I_{xy_D} = 21.28 + \frac{6^2 \pi}{4} \left[- \left(6 - \frac{4 \times 6}{3\pi} \right) \right] \left[6 - \frac{4 \times 6}{3\pi} \right]$$

$$= 21.28 + 337.12$$

$$I_{xy_D} = 358.4 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_{xy} &= I_{xyA} - I_{xyB} - I_{xyC} - I_{xyD} \\
 \text{total} &= -217.6 - 358.37 - 67.5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_{xy} &= 613.47 \text{ cm}^4 \\
 \text{total}
 \end{aligned}$$