



University Of Technology  
Building and Construction Eng. Dept.  
Final Exam – 1<sup>st</sup> Attempt – 2014/2015  
Branch : San. & Env. Eng. Class: 3<sup>rd</sup>  
subject : Networks of Water Time : 3 hr  
Examiner : S.A. Al-Bayati, Ph.D. Date : 31/5/ 2015

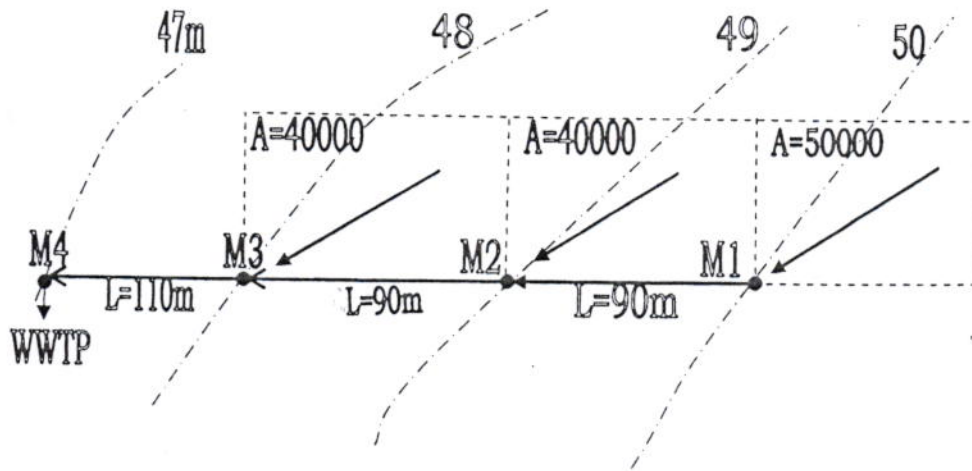


ملاحظات: ١. أجب عن خمسة أسئلة بضمنها الأول. ٢. الدرجات موزعة بالتساوي على الأسئلة.

٣. تعداد الأسئلة والمرفقات كافة (دون كتابة عليها) وسط دفتر الامتحان. الاسم: *[Handwritten signature]*

**Q.1** Design a sanitary sewer system (3- pipelines) for the residential area shown below (M=manhole, A=area (m<sup>2</sup>) & L=pipe length between two manholes). The conditions are:

1. min. sewer size = 200mm.
2. roughness coefficient,  $n = 0.013$
3. min. velocity = 0.6m/s
4. min. allowable cover over the crown = 1.9 m
5. max. population density = 11000p /km<sup>2</sup>.
6. max. rate of sewage flow + infiltration = 1600 L/day.capita [20%]

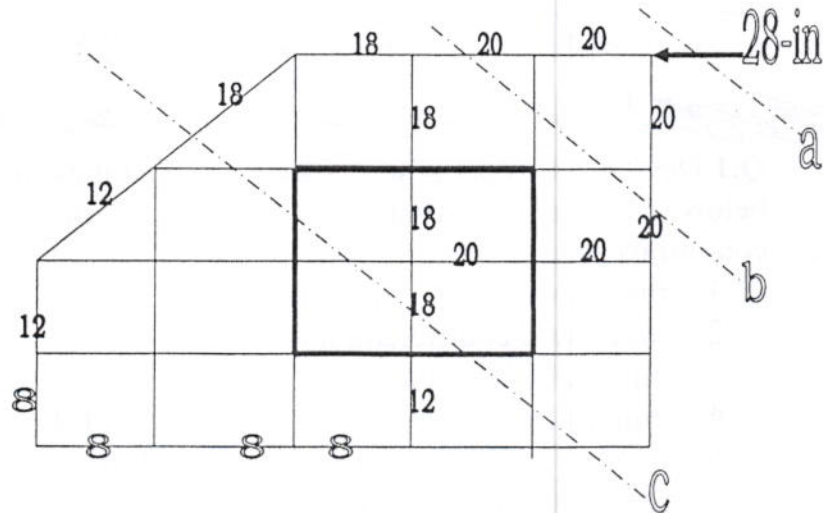


**Q.2** A water supply system serving a city with: average daily demand = 160L/s, max. daily demand = 250L/s, & peak hourly demand = 340L/s. Required fire flow 280L/s resulting in a max. 4h rate of 530L/s (max. daily demand + fire flow). The required min. pressure in the main city center is 34m except during fire flow. The piping system diameter is 550mm with Hazen Williams coefficient,  $C = 100$ . Distance between pumping station and city center is 7.5km. Consider the system with storage, and find the pumping heads for this case **only**. Use storage= 3500m<sup>3</sup>, with elevation = 36m, at 2.5 km beyond load center. [20%]

**Q.3** Analyze the shown network by Section Method. The hydraulic gradient is 0.0023. Use  $C = 100$  in Hazen Williams formula & maximum daily use is

160gpcd. All pipes without numbers are 6-in. The fire demand & population for each section are taken from the table below: [20%]

Section	a-a	b-b	c-c
Population	21000	17000	7000
Fire flow (mgd)	6.1	6.1	6.1



**Q.4**

- What is the maximum free flow head in a Parshall flume with a throat width of 2ft & flow rate of 30cfs? [10%]
- Explain the process of **fold and formed PVC** pipe. [10%]

**Q.5**

- A water pumping station at **400m** elevation uses pumps which require **42kPa** net positive suction pressure when delivering water at **40°C**. What is the allowable suction lift of these pumps if all losses are **20kPa**? [10%]
- Explain the following; check valve, centrifugal pump, flushing device, & sag pipe usefulness. [10%]

**Q.6**

- A six-story ordinary construction with **800 m<sup>2</sup>** per floor is connected to a four story fire resistive construction with **850 m<sup>2</sup>** per floor. Determine the fire flow required for them. **F = 3.7 C√A**. [10%]
- Explain the following; protection devices from water hammer, rational method, pipe profiling sonar usefulness, & open wells advantages. [10%]

مع التوفيق



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Q.1

Line No	From M	To M	length m	Inc. of area $m^2$	Inc. Pop. person	Total Tribi P.P. person	Sewage flow l/day	Sewage flow $m^3/min$
1	1	2	90	50000	550	550	880000	0.61
2	2	3	90	40000	440	990	1584000	1.10
3	3	4	110	40000	440	1430	2288000	1.59

Line No	G.E		Dia mm	Grade of Sewer	Fall m	$V_f$ m/s	$Q_f$ $m^3/min$	$Q/Q_f$	$V/V_f$	V $m/s$
	Upper	Lower								
1	50	49	200	0.005	0.45	0.77	1.55	0.39	0.8	0.62
2	49	48	200	0.0065	0.59	0.85	1.7	0.65	0.93	0.79
3	48	47	200	0.0095	1.05	1.05	2.0	0.8	0.97	1.02

Line No	Inv. E.	
	Upper	Lower
1	47.9	47.45
2	47.45	46.86
3	46.86	45.81

Q.2

- Av. daily d. (160 l/s)

$$P.h. = 36 + 1.3 \times 7.5 = \underline{45.75 \text{ m}}$$

- Max. daily d. (250 l/s)

$$P.h. = 36 + 2.0 \times 7.5 = \underline{51 \text{ m}}$$

- Peak hourly d. (340 l/s)

P. design on max. daily = 250 l/s

From storage = 340 - 250 = 90 l/s

$$H.G.L. \text{ at head center} = 34 - 0.45 \times 2.5 = \underline{32.9 \text{ m}}$$

$$P.h. = 32.9 + 3 \times 7.5 = \underline{55.4 \text{ m}}$$

- Max. daily d. + fire flow (530 l/s)

$$S. \text{ Fire flow} = \frac{3500 \text{ m}^3}{4} \frac{\text{h}}{3600 \text{ s}} \frac{1000 \text{ l}}{\text{m}^3} = 243 \text{ l/s}$$

$$H.G.L. \text{ at load center} = 34 - 2.8 \times 2.5 = \underline{27 \text{ m}}$$

$$P. \text{ rate} = 530 - 243 = 287 \text{ l/s} > 250 \text{ l/s}$$

increase pump capacity, P.h. = 27 + 3.9 \times 7.5  
to 287 l/s = 56.3 m

