



University Of Technology
Building and Construction Eng. Dept.
Final Exam 2015/2016 (1st Attempt)



Subject :HY.Structures Design

Class: 4th

Branch : نازحين جامعة الموصل

Time : 3 Hours

Examiner : Dr.J.S.Maatooq

Date :29 / 5/ 2016

Open Lectures Exam (Answer Five Questions)

Q1] A warped expansion transition is to be designed to connect **1.9m** wide flume to **trapezoidal channel** ($B_c=3.3m$, $y_c=1.2m$, and $Z_c=2$). If the difference in elevations between inverts of channel and flume is **0.35m**, use loss coefficient **K=0.2** and find:-

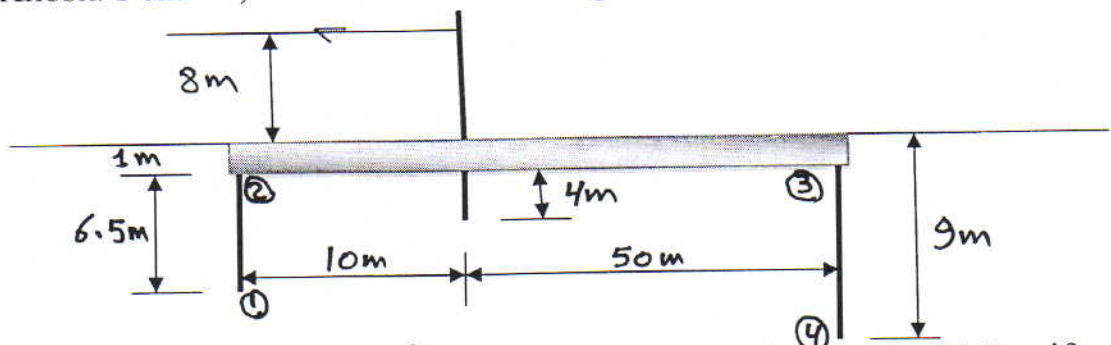
- (a) Length of transition.
- (b) At mid section of transition find its bed width and side slope.
- (c) The depth of flow at flume.

Q2] The V-notch 65° is to be used as a sharp crested weir in **2.83m** rectangular channel for measuring the discharge. The height of crest above the bed of channel is **0.85m**. If the head over the crest is **0.935m**, find the discharge for the following situations:- (a) Tail water depth is **1.44m** (b) Tail water depth is **1.7m**.

Q3] A circular concrete culvert has a diameter **0.9m** , slope **0.025** and length **10m**. The entrance of culvert is "*square edge inlet with a head wall*". Determine the **Max. HW** for $Q=1 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ and show the type of flow control ?(Assume TW below the crown of culvert , ($n=0.02$) .

Q4] The discharge is controlled from river into 4m wide irrigation canal by vertical sluice gate. If canal has $n=0.028$ and bed slope is **0.002**. Calculate the required gate opening and the flow condition D/S the gate if the depth of flow in the river is **2m** and the irrigation demand is $11 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$.

Q5] Find the uplift pressure head under apron at key points as indicated in figure by using Khosla's charts , also calculate the exit gradient.



Q6] For a max. discharge of $5666 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ and a max. total head on a crest **19.5m** ,if the ratio of total head to the design head is 1.3. Determine the crest length without piers, the discharge at a design head, and the U/s and D/s structural profile of an ogee spillway, use $P=18m$.

*** Good Luck ***

①
Hydraulic structures Exam / 3rd class
1st Attempt (2015-2016)
Water & Hydraulic structures Branch
** Solutions **

Q1]

$$L_T = 2.35 (bc - bf) + 1.65 Z_c Y_c$$

$$= 2.35 (3.3 - 1.9) + 1.65 * 2 * 1.2 = 7.25 \text{ m}$$

at mid sec. of Transition

$$Z_x = Z_c - Z_c \left(1 - \frac{X}{L_T}\right)^{1/2} = 2 - 2 \left(1 - \frac{\frac{7.25}{2}}{7.25}\right)^{0.5} = 0.586$$

$$e = 0.8 - 0.26 Z_c^{1/2} = 0.8 - 0.26 (2)^{1/2} = 0.432$$

$$b_x = b_f + (bc - b_f) \frac{X}{L_T} \left[1 - \left(1 - \frac{X}{L_T}\right)^e\right]$$

$$= 2.42 \text{ m}$$

Q2]

$$\frac{P}{B\Delta} = \frac{0.85}{2.83} = 0.3 \quad ; \quad \frac{H}{P} = \frac{0.935}{0.85} = 1.1$$

from Fig. $\rightarrow C_d = 0.59$

a) $H_2 = 1.44 - 0.85 = 0.59 \text{ m}$

$$0.8H = 0.8 * 0.935 = 0.748 \text{ m}$$

$\therefore 0.748 > 0.59 \quad \therefore$ the flow is un-submerged

$$Q = C_d \left(\frac{8}{15}\right) \sqrt{2 * 9.81} \tan \frac{65^\circ}{2} (0.935)^{5/2} = 0.75 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

b) $H_2 = 1.7 - 0.85 = 0.85 \text{ m}$

$$0.8 * 0.935 = 0.748 \text{ m}$$

$\therefore 0.85 > 0.748 \quad \therefore$ the flow is submerged

$$H_1 = 0.935 - 0.85 = 0.085 \text{ m}$$

$$Q = 0.59 \left(\frac{8}{15}\right) \sqrt{2 * 9.81} \tan \frac{65^\circ}{2} (0.085)^{2.5}$$

$$Q = 0.0018 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

(2)

Q3] IF inlet control

$$\text{from chart 1A} \Rightarrow \frac{H_w}{D} = 1.03$$

$$\therefore H_w = 1.03 \times 0.9 = 0.927 \text{ m}$$

IF outlet control (chart 5A)

$$L_1 = L \left(\frac{n_1}{n} \right)^2 = 10 \left(\frac{0.02}{0.012} \right)^2 = 30 \text{ m}$$

$$k_e = 0.5 \text{ (table 12)}$$

$$\therefore H = 0.24 \text{ m} \rightarrow \text{chart 5A}$$

$$y_c = 0.95 \text{ m} \rightarrow \text{chart 4A}$$

$$h_0 = \frac{0.55 + 0.9}{2} = 0.725 \text{ m}$$

$$H_w = 0.725 + 0.24 - 10 \times 0.0025 \Rightarrow H_w = 0.715 \text{ m}$$

\therefore max. $H_w = 0.927 \text{ m}$ at inlet control.

Q4]

$$Q = \frac{1}{n} A R^{2/3} S_0^{1/2}$$

assume $y_n = 1.73 \text{ m}$

$$\Rightarrow A = 4 \times 1.73 = 6.92 \rightarrow P = 2 + 1.73 + 4 = 7.46 \text{ m}$$

$$\rightarrow R = \frac{6.92}{7.46} = 0.928 \text{ m} \Rightarrow Q \approx 11 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$\therefore y_n = 1.73 \text{ m}$ also assume $G = 1 \text{ m}$

$$\text{then } C_d = \frac{0.61}{\sqrt{1 + 0.61 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)}} = 0.534$$

$$\text{now } 0.8 \times 1.73 \left(\frac{1.73}{1} \right)^{0.72} = 2.08$$

$\therefore y_2 < y_1 < 2.08$ \therefore the flow D/S gate is submerged

assume $G = 0.9 \text{ m} \rightarrow$ مقدار کمتر از گزوات
لاست در صورتی که جریان submerged

(عقبی الاستحسان نکند با فرضیه داخل)

(3)

Q5] (c) U/S pile

$$d = 6.5 + 1 = 7.5 \text{ m} \quad \left\{ \frac{1}{\alpha} = \frac{d}{b} = \frac{7.5}{60} = 0.125 \right.$$

$$b = 60 \text{ m}$$

From Fig (9.6) $\phi_0 = 23\%$, $\phi_{D1} = 100 - 23 = 77\%$

$$\therefore \boxed{\phi_1 = 77\%}$$

$$\phi_E = 34\% \Rightarrow \phi_{C1} = 100 - 34 = 66\%$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\phi_2 = 66\%}$$

Correction for floor thickness :-

$$\text{Total drop on pile} = 77 - 66 = 11\%$$

$$\therefore \text{Corr.} = \frac{11}{7.5} \times 1 = +1.47\%$$

Corr. for interference :-

$$D = 4 \text{ m} \quad b_1 = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore C = \frac{19 \sqrt{\frac{4}{70}} (65 + 4)}{60} = +2.1\%$$

$$\therefore \text{Corrected press. } \phi_2 = 66 + 1.47 + 2.1 = \boxed{69.57\%}$$

② D/S pile

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} d = 9 \text{ m} \\ b = 60 \text{ m} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\alpha} = \frac{9}{60} = 0.15$$

$$\phi_E = 38\% \quad \phi_D = 25\% \rightarrow \phi_3 = 38\% \quad \phi_4 = 25\%$$

$$\text{Corr. for thickness} = \frac{38 - 25}{9} \times 1 = -1.44\%$$

$$\text{interference neglected? } \phi_3 = 38 - 1.44 = \boxed{36.56\%}$$

 \therefore pressure head will be :-

$$1 = 0.77 \times 8 = 6.16 \text{ m}$$

$$2 = 0.6957 \times 8 = 5.56 \text{ m}$$

$$3 = 0.2656 \times 8 = 2.925 \text{ m}$$

$$4 = 0.25 \times 8 = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$G_e = \frac{H}{\pi d \sqrt{\lambda}} \quad \& \quad \lambda = \frac{1}{2} (1 + \sqrt{1 + \alpha^2}) \quad \alpha = \frac{60}{9} = 6.67$$

$$\therefore \lambda = 3.87$$

$$\& \quad \boxed{G_e = 0.144 \approx \frac{1}{7}}$$

(4)

$$Q6] \quad \frac{H_e}{H_o} = 1.3 \rightarrow H_o = \frac{19.5}{1.3} = 15 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{from Fig. (5)} \rightarrow \frac{C}{C_o} = 1.03$$

$$\frac{P}{H_o} = \frac{18}{15} = 1.2 \quad \text{then from Fig. 4}$$

$$\rightarrow C_o = 3.9$$

$$\Rightarrow C = 3.9 \times 1.03 = 4.017$$

$$\therefore L = \frac{5666}{4.017 \times (19.5)^{1.5}} \approx 16.5 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{des.} &= C_o L H_o^{1.5} = 3.9 \times 16.5 \times 15^{1.5} \\ &\approx \boxed{3738 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}} \end{aligned}$$

Profiles are L_1 and L_2 are shown

at X & Y & R_1 & R_2 are shown

and T.P. is shown