



University of Technology
Building and Construction Eng. Dept.
FINAL Exam –2014/2015

Subject : Theory of Structures
Branch : Highway & Bridges Eng.
Examiner : Dr. Qays Abdul-Majeed

Class: 3rd year
Time : 3.0 Hours
Date : 31/05/2015

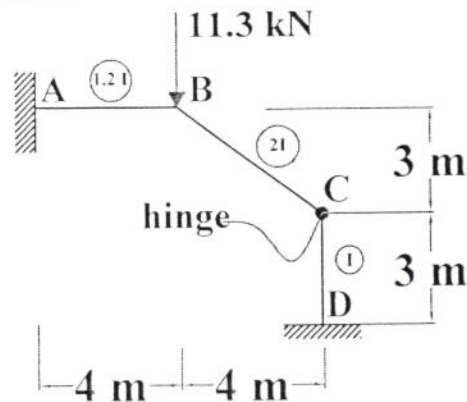


ANSWER 4 QUESTIONS ONLY

ALL QUESTIONS $EI=10^4 \text{ kN.m}^2$: $AE=10^4 \text{ kN}$

Q 1 :- For the structure shown in the figure :

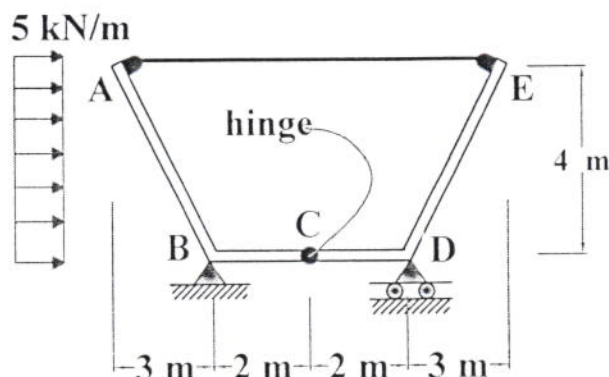
- Check the stability and determinacy.
- By using Moment Distribution Method find all Reactions .



25 °

Q 2A :-For the Composed Structure shown in the figure :

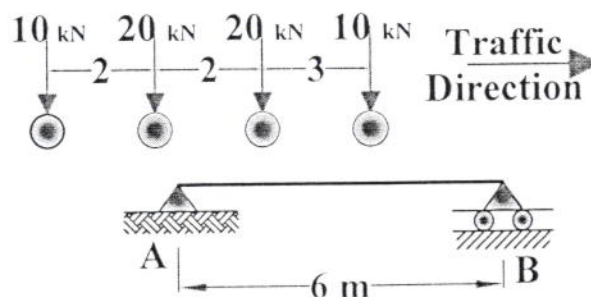
- Check the stability and determinacy.
- Find force in member \overline{AE} .
- Draw axial, shear and bending moment for member \overline{AB} .



15 °

Q 2B :-For the simply supported beam shown in the figure :

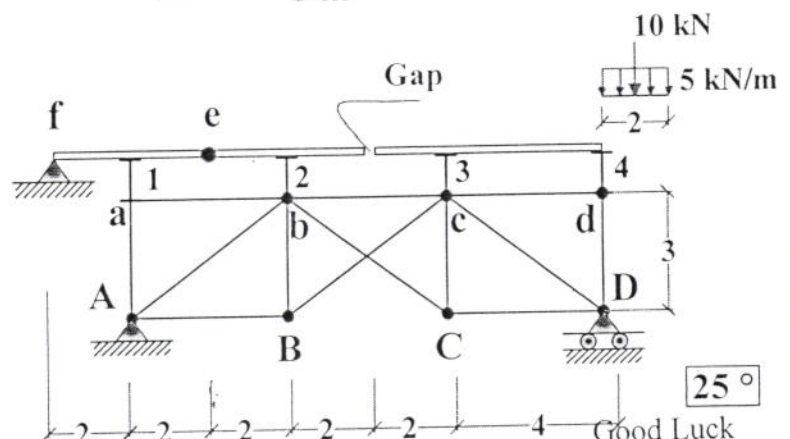
- Find absolute maximum moment due to moving load shown.



10 °

Q 3 :- For the Truss shown in the figure :

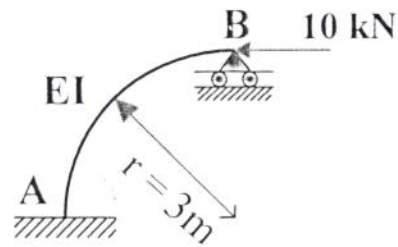
- Write the type of truss.
- Find maximum Reaction @ 1 due to moving load shown uniform load of 5 kN/m of 2m long and a concentrated load of 10 kN .
- Draw influence line for reaction @ "A" and member \overline{bc} .



25 °

Q 4A :-

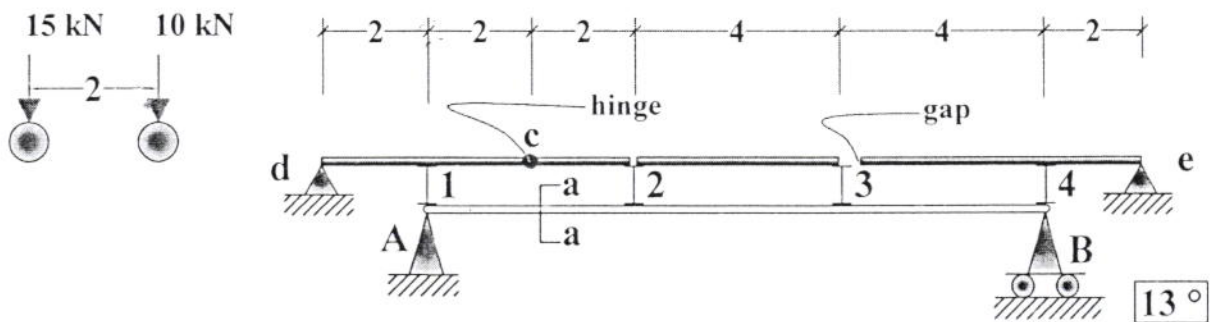
By using the Consistent deformation Method Find the vertical reaction @ B due to the applied load For the structure shown .
knowing that : $EI=10^4 \text{ kN.m}^2$



12°

Q 4B :-For the structure shown :

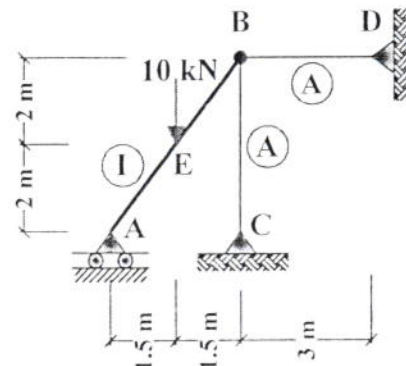
- Find maximum Reaction @ 1 due to moving load shown.
- Draw influence line for Moment @ "section a-a".



13°

Q 5A :-For the structure shown :

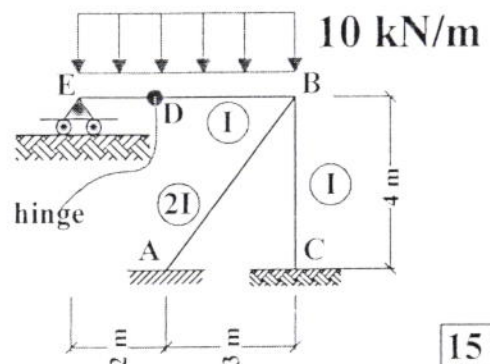
- Find the vertical deflection at point "E" due to load shown .
knowing that : $EI=10^4 \text{ kN.m}^2$ $AE=10^4 \text{ kN}$.



10°

Q 5B :-For the structure shown in the figure :

- State the stability and determinacy.
- By using Slope Deflection Method find Moment @ "A".
- Find vertical reaction @ "C".



15°

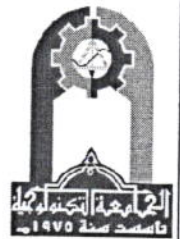
$$\sin^2 \theta = (1 - \cos 2\theta) / 2 \quad : \quad \cos^2 \theta = (1 + \cos 2\theta) / 2$$



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ANSWER 4 QUESTIONS ONLY

ALL QUESTIONS EI=10⁴ kN.m² : AE=10⁴ kN

Q-1

$\Delta_{AB} = 0.8\Delta$
 $\Delta_{BC} = -\Delta$
 $\Delta_{CD} = 0.6\Delta$
 $M_{AB}^F = -\frac{6(1.2EI)(0.8\Delta)}{4^2} = -0.36EI\Delta$
 $M_{BC}^F = -\frac{6(2EI)(-\Delta)}{5^2} = 0.48EI\Delta$
 $M_{CD}^F = -\frac{6(EI)(0.6\Delta)}{3^2} = -0.4EI\Delta$

Let $EI\Delta = 100$

$M_{AB}^F = -36$, $M_{BC}^F = 48$ ND
 $M_{CD}^F = -40$

Final answer

$N_A = V_D = -8\frac{1}{3}$ kN
 $M_D = V_A + 11.3 = -6.3 + 11.3 = 5$ kN

shear eq.

$\sum M_0 = 0$
 $11.3(4) + V_A(8) + V_D(6) - M_{AB} - M_{DC} = 0$
 $V_A = \frac{M_{AB} + M_{BA}}{4}$, $V_D = \frac{M_{DC}}{3}$
 $V_A = -\frac{63}{4}$, $V_D = -\frac{20}{3}$
 $45.2 = 126k - 40k + 33k + 20k = 0$
 $k = 0.4$
 $\therefore V_A = -\frac{63(0.4)}{4} = -6.3$, $V_D = -\frac{20(0.4)}{3} = -2.67$

Joint	A	B	C	D
mem.	AB	BA	BC	CD
D.F	0	0.5	0.5	1
F.E.M	-36	-36	48	-40
D.M	0	-6	-6	40
C.O.M	-3	0	-24	20
D.M	0	12	12	0
C.O.M	6	-	-	-
D.M	0	-	-	-
$\sum M$	-33	-30	36	-20
	-33k	-30k	36k	-20k
	-13.2	-12	12	8

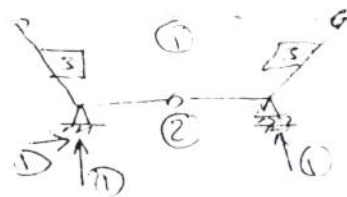
Good Luck

Q2 A

15° For the structure shown:

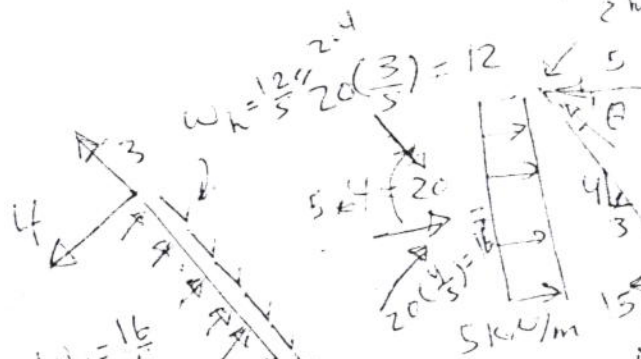
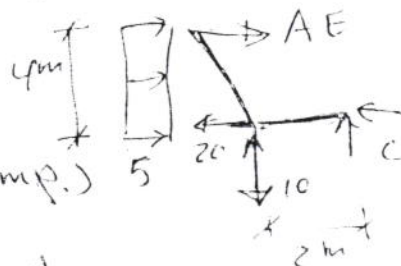
- (1) discuss the stability for composed structure
- (2) find force in mem. AE
- (3) Draw axial, shear & bending moment for member AB

① $U = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 2 = 6$
 $S = 3 + 3 - 6$ $U = E$
 stable & det.

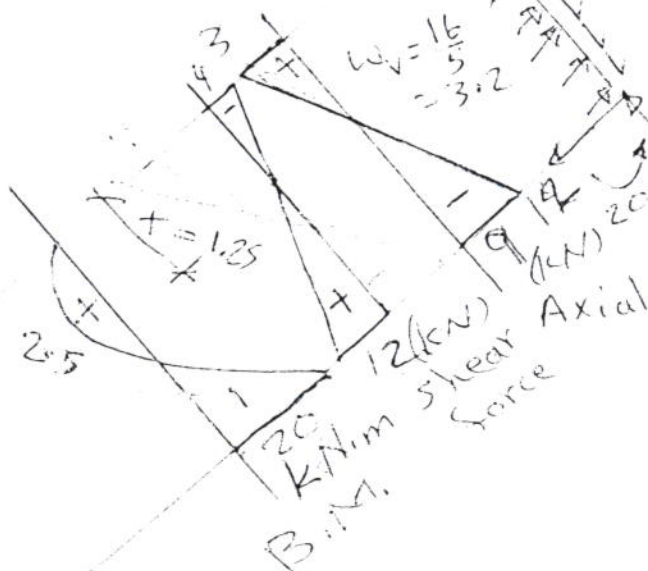


② $\sum M_B = 0$ $5(4)(2) - R_D(4) = 0$
 $R_D = 10$ $\therefore B_y = 10 \downarrow$ $\sum F_y = 0$

$\sum M_C = 0$
 $AE(4) + 5(4)(2) - 10(2) = 0$
 $AE = -5 = 5 \text{ kN (comp.)}$



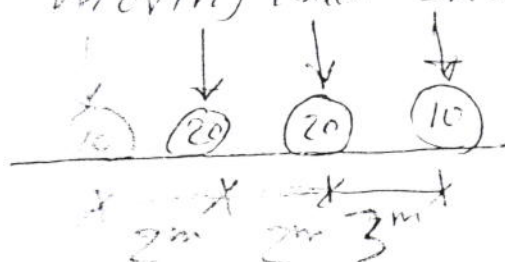
$\sum F_x = 0$
 $B_x + 5 - 5(4) = 0$
 $B_x = 15$ $B_x = 15$
 $\sum F_y = 0$
 $5(4) + M - 5(4)(2) = 0$
 $M = 20 \text{ kN m}$



Q2B

find absolute maximum moment due to moving load shown for the beam 6m length

(10°)



3m m → 10 20 10 3m

$$R = 50 \text{ kN}$$

$$MA = 10(4) + 20(2) = 80$$

$$\alpha = \frac{MA}{R} = \frac{80}{50} = 1.6 \text{ m}$$

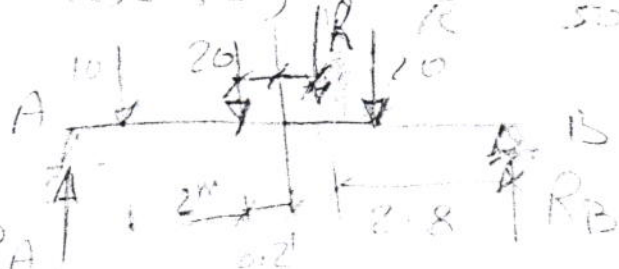
$$2 \times \alpha = 0.4 \text{ m}$$

2 MC = 0

$$50(2.8) - R_A(6) = 0$$

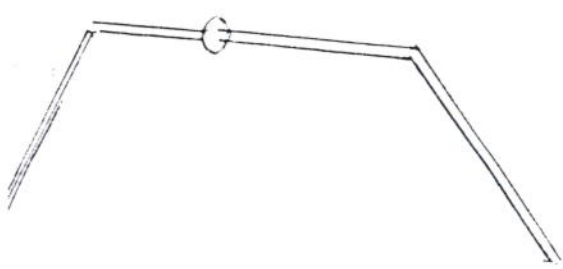
$$R_A = \frac{70}{3} \text{ kN}$$

$$R_B = 30 \text{ kN}$$



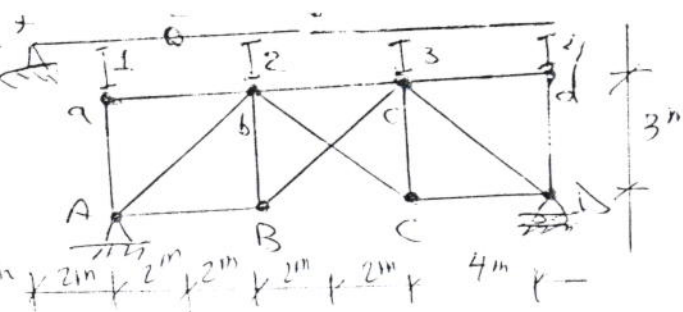
$$M = \frac{20}{3} (2.8) - 10(1.2) = -1.33 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M = -1.33 \text{ kNm}$$



For the truss shown

- 4° ① write the type of truss
 ② find maximum reaction at
 8° 1 due to moving load shown
 (uniform load 5 kN/m 2m long
 and conc. load 10 kN)



- 13° ③ Influence line for member bc

Compound truss

I.L. of

② maximum $r_1 = 10(2) + 5$

③ w.l. at 1 & 4 $f_{bc} = 0$

U.L. at 2

$\sum M_o = 0$

$\frac{2}{3}(6) + f_{bc}(1.5)$

$-1(2) = 0$

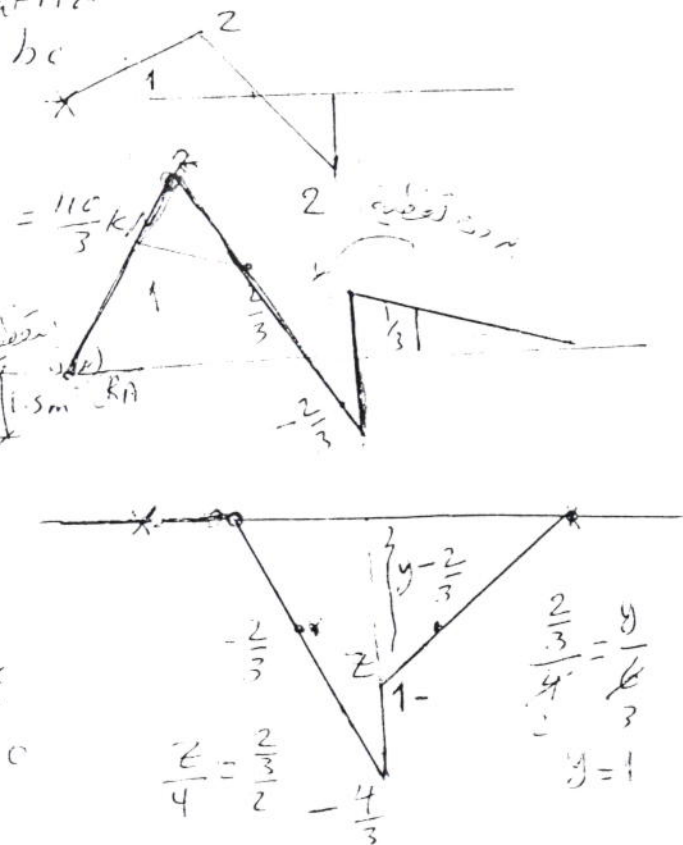
$f_{bc} = -\frac{2}{1.5} = -\frac{4}{3}$

U.L. at 3

$\sum M_o = 0$

$\frac{1}{3}(6) + f_{bc}(1.5) = 0$

$f_{bc} = -\frac{2}{1.5} = -\frac{4}{3}$



Q4A

using consistent deformation method to find

13° the vertical reaction at B

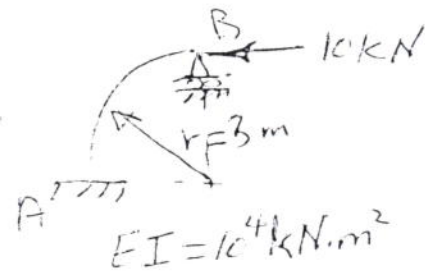
sol. let $X_1 = R_B$

$\delta U + X_1 \delta u = 0 \Rightarrow X_1 = -\frac{\delta U}{\delta u}$

$\delta U = \int_0^{\pi/2} 30(1 - \cos\theta)(-3\sin\theta)(3d\theta) = M_A \delta \theta$
 $-0.027 \left[-(\cos\theta + \frac{\sin\theta}{2}) \right]_{0}^{\pi/2} 10r(1 - \cos\theta) - r \sin\theta = m$
 $-0.027 \left[0 + \frac{1}{2} - (-1 + 0) \right] = -0.0405$

$\delta U = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{(-3\sin\theta)^2}{2} (3d\theta) = \frac{27}{2} \int_0^{\pi/2} (1 - \cos 2\theta) d\theta = 0.00135 \left[\theta - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta \right]_0^{\pi/2} = 2.120575 \times 10^{-3}$

$X_1 = +0.0405 / 2.120575 \times 10^{-3} = 19.0986 \text{ kN}$



Q4B

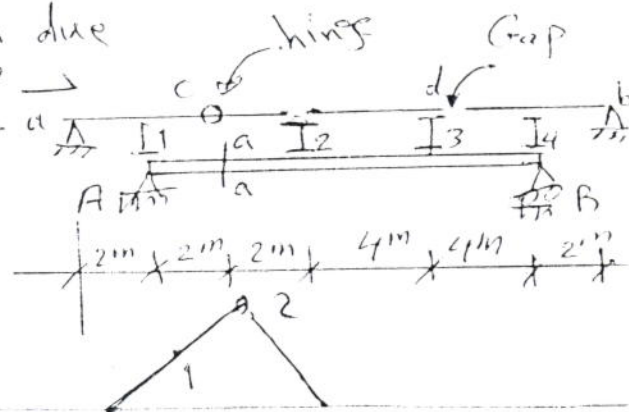
① Find maximum reaction at 1 due to moving load shown

② find I.L for M at section a-a

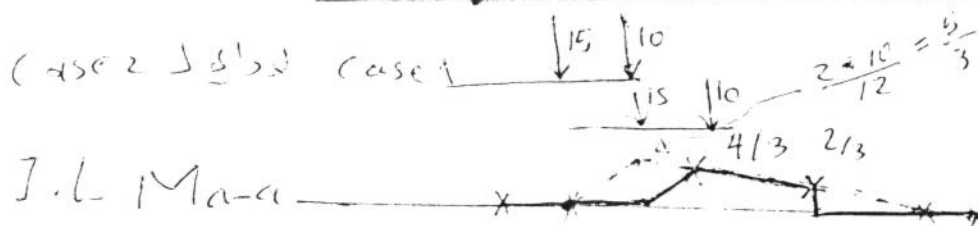
Sol.

Case 1 = $10(2) + 15(1) = 35 \text{ kN}$

Case 2 = $15(2) = 30 \text{ kN}$



②



Q5 A for the structure shown

Find the deflection at E due to load shown

$EA = 10^4 \text{ kN}$, $EI = 10^6 \text{ kN m}^2$

Sol.

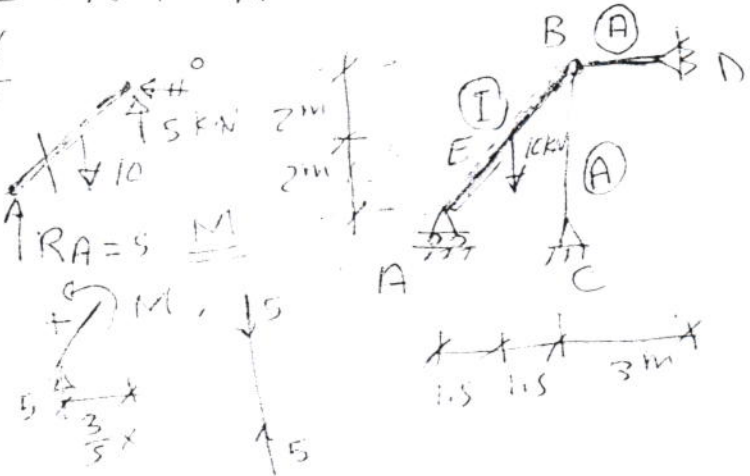
$m = \frac{M}{10}$, $u = \frac{\delta}{10}$

$M = \left(\frac{3}{5}x\right)(5)$

$\Delta = \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{3}{5}x\right)(5) \left(\frac{3}{5}x\right)(0.5) dx}{EI}$

$+ \frac{(-5) \left(\frac{-5}{10}\right)(4)}{AE}$

$= \frac{1.5}{10^4} \times \frac{325}{3} + \frac{10}{10^4} = 0.0019375 \text{ m} = 1.9375 \text{ mm}$



Q5 B For the structure shown

① state the stability & determinacy

② using slope deflection find moment at A

③ vertical reaction at C

Sol. ① stable & indet. to 3rd deg.

$M_{AB} = 8(\theta_B)$, $M_{BA} = 8(2\theta_B)$

$M_{BC} = 5(2\theta_B)$, $M_{CB} = 5(\theta_B)$

$M_{BA} + M_{BC} - 75 = 0 \Rightarrow 16\theta_B + 10\theta_B + 75 = 0$

$\theta_B = -\frac{75}{26}$, $M_{AB} = 8\left(-\frac{75}{26}\right) = -23.077 \text{ kNm}$

$M_{CB} = 5\left(-\frac{75}{26}\right) = -14.423 \text{ kNm}$

